

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND COMPLIANCE REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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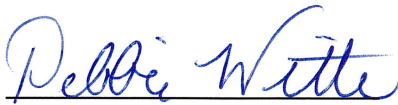
CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Karnes City Independent School District
Name of School District

Karnes
County

128-901
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's reports of the above named school district were reviewed and 6 approved
- 0 disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2023, at a meeting of the board of school trustees of such school district on the
3rd day of April, 2024.



Signature of Board Secretary



Signature of Board President

If the auditor's reports were checked above as disapproved, the reason(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Karnes City Independent School District
P.O. Box 38
Karnes City, Texas 78118

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Karnes City Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with account principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note I.E.3. to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No.96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* during the year. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit with conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identify during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

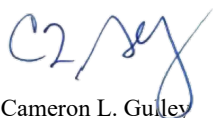
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedure to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements, the required TEA schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title I U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining statements, the required TEA schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated March 25, 2024, on my consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Cameron L. Gulley
 Certified Public Accountant
 Eastland, Texas

March 25, 2024

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

KATHERINE KUENSTLER, SUPERINTENDENT

P. O. BOX 38

KARNES CITY, TEXAS 78118

Voice: (830) 780-2321 • Fax: (830) 780-1071

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Karnes City Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 2 and the District's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 10.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10 - 11). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 12) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 18) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 5. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into one activity:

Governmental activities - All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these services.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's one type of fund - governmental - uses the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use the modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 16 and 17. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analyses of comparative balances and changes therein is inclusive of the current year's and prior year's operations. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Total net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$88,907,563 to \$96,182,955. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased from \$41,318,897 to \$39,181,804. Current and other assets decreased by \$16 million due to cash used for construction activities. Capital assets increased by \$15 million due to asset additions in excess of depreciation expense. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$3.9 million due to changes in net pension (NPL) and other post-employment (OPEB) liabilities net of long-term debt retirement. Other liabilities decreased by \$1.7 million due to wealth recapture cost liabilities. Deferred resource outflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities increased by \$2.3 million and deferred resource inflows related to NPL and OPEB liabilities decreased by \$449 thousand.

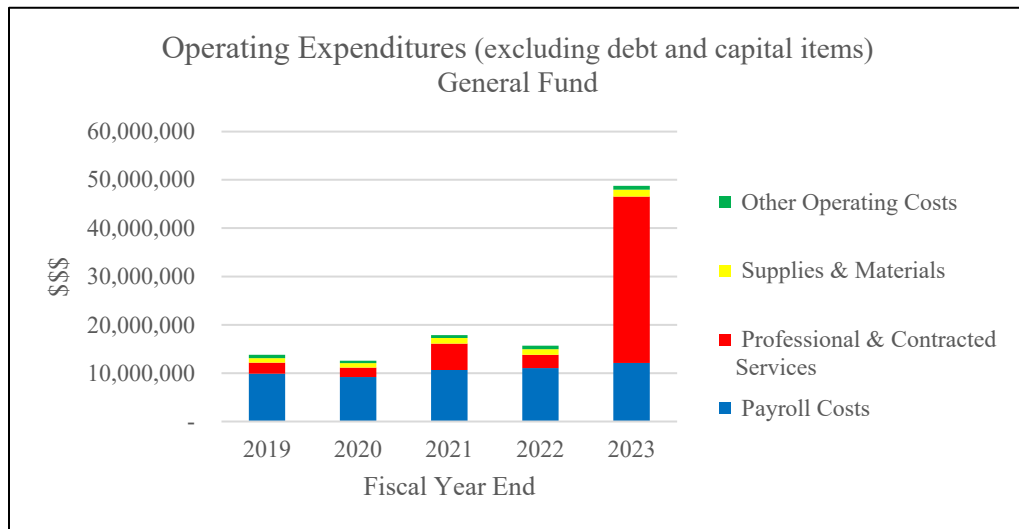
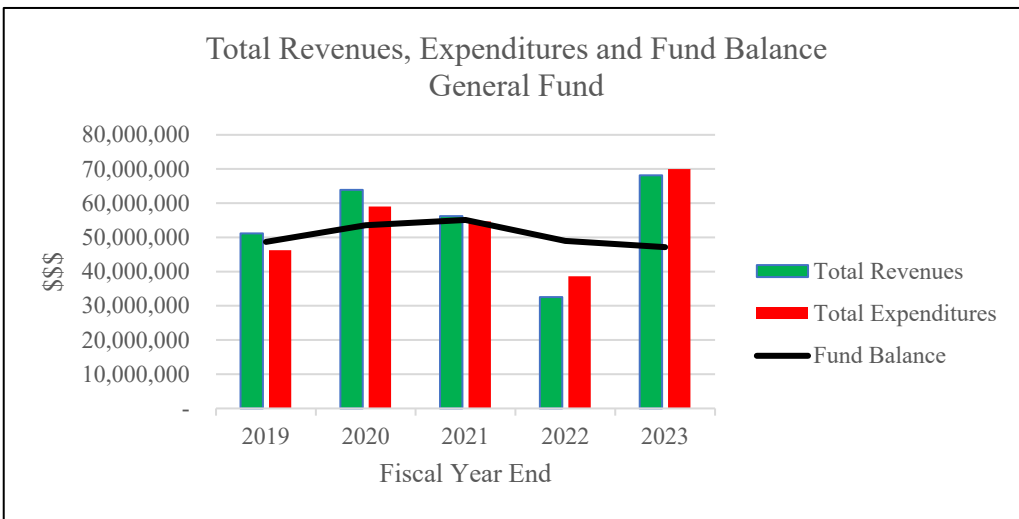
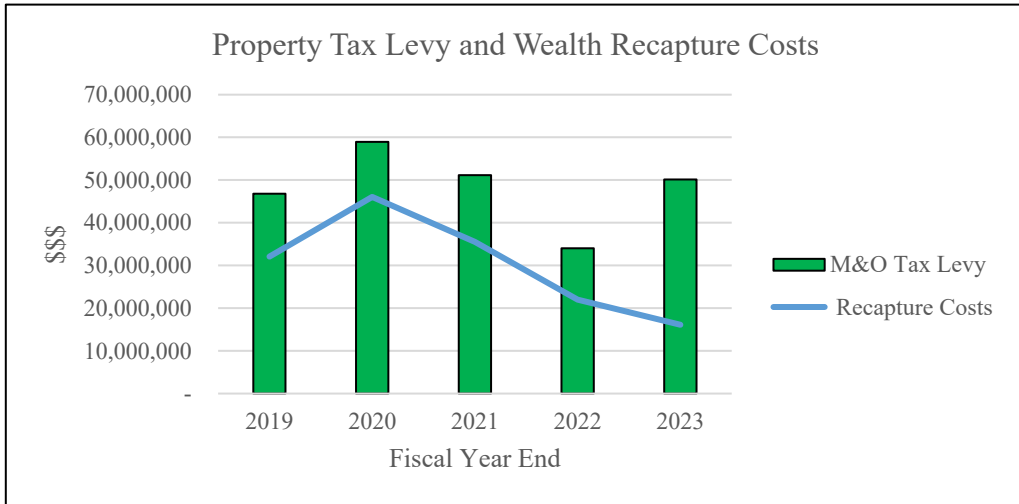
Total revenues increased by \$40 million for the year. Most of the net revenue increase was due to property tax revenues, operating grants and contributions, state aid-formula grants, and other revenue. Property tax revenues increased due to property valuations by 50% from last year. State aid-formula grants increased by \$13.7 million due to increased enrollment. Operating grants and contributions increased due to additional federal grant programs entered into during the year. And, other revenues increased due to investment income for the year.

Total expenses increased by over \$28 million for the year. The most significant expense increase was due to instructional costs related to contracted services for an online virtual school academy partnership which totaled over \$30 million for the year. The enrollment from the online virtual school caused a reduction in wealth recapture costs (contracted instructional services between schools) by nearly \$6 million even though property valuations and tax revenues increased by 50% for the year. Most other functional category variances were payroll-related except for extracurricular activities which were due to athletic supplies, general administration expenses which were due to contracted services, debt service which was due to lower interest expense and fees, and other intergovernmental charges which were due to higher appraisal fees due to the increase in property valuations for the year.

Table I Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	Variance Increase/ (Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 85,322,365	\$ 101,306,855	\$ (15,984,490)
Capital assets	66,892,384	52,009,518	14,882,866
Deferred resource outflows for TRS	6,317,459	3,967,706	2,349,753
Total assets and deferred resource outflows	158,532,208	157,284,079	1,248,129
Long-term liabilities	33,541,393	37,427,659	(3,886,266)
Other liabilities	22,434,528	24,126,722	(1,692,194)
Deferred resource inflows for TRS	6,373,332	6,822,135	(448,803)
Total liabilities and deferred resource inflows	62,349,253	68,376,516	(6,027,263)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	43,873,421	22,483,188	21,390,233
Restricted for debt service, capital projects and other	13,127,730	25,105,478	(11,977,748)
Unrestricted	39,181,804	41,318,897	(2,137,093)
Total net position	\$ 96,182,955	\$ 88,907,563	\$ 7,275,392

Table II Changes in Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2023	Governmental Activities 2022	Variance Favorable/ (Unfavorable)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 144,370	\$ 79,352	\$ 65,018
Operating grants and contributions	6,076,214	4,810,522	1,265,692
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	58,224,097	38,460,396	19,763,701
State aid - formula grants	14,468,410	720,064	13,748,346
Other	1,556,192	(3,112,530)	4,668,722
Total Revenues	80,469,283	40,957,804	39,511,479
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	44,310,840	10,977,547	(33,333,293)
Instructional and school leadership	1,856,415	1,577,628	(278,787)
Student support services	1,727,126	1,626,938	(100,188)
Child nutrition	1,252,462	1,183,064	(69,398)
Extracurricular activities	935,625	856,548	(79,077)
General administration	1,023,029	955,870	(67,159)
Plant maintenance, security & data processing and other	3,151,272	2,942,972	(208,300)
Community services	108,615	30,413	(78,202)
Debt service	798,666	1,004,633	205,967
Contracted instructional services between schools	16,147,926	21,976,423	5,828,497
Payments related to shared service arrangements	320,588	301,969	(18,619)
Payments related to JJAEP program	63,640	65,508	1,868
Intergovernmental charges	638,185	472,215	(165,970)
Total Expenses	72,334,389	43,971,728	(28,362,661)
Extraordinary item - resource (use)	(859,502)	0	(859,502)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	7,275,392	(3,013,924)	10,289,316
Net Position - beginning of year	88,907,563	91,921,487	(3,013,924)
Net Position - end of year	\$ 96,182,955	\$ 88,907,563	\$ 7,275,392

The following charts depict trend information for the past five years.



THE DISTRICT’S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$60,149,855, a decrease of \$13,764,930 in the District’s Governmental Funds from last year’s fund balance of \$73,914,785. The primary reasons for the net decrease are similar to the narrative related to the tables above. The major exceptions are depreciation expense which is not charged to the governmental funds and the net effect relative to GASB 68 whose impact is only at the government-wide level financial statements. The specific variances in the changes in fund balance versus the change in net position are detailed out on Exhibit C-4 on the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

The Board of Trustees made numerous budget amendments for the year. The most significant amendment was for increased property tax and state foundation revenues offset by increases in instruction expenditures for flow-thru online academy fees. The online academy generated the additional state foundation revenues and also decreased wealth recapture expenditures causing that line item budget to be amended downward. The final major budget amendment was in facilities acquisition and construction for softball field and elementary school costs not originally budgeted.

The District’s General Fund balance of \$47,175,759 reported on pages 14 and 41 differs from the General Fund’s budgetary fund balance of \$42,480,155 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 41. The primary variances are due to local revenues (primarily property tax revenues) being less than budgeted and overall expenditures being less than budgeted (primarily due to facilities acquisition and construction and wealth recapture costs).

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the District had \$82,890,444 invested in a broad range of capital assets including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. Following were asset additions for the year.

RES elementary (in progress)	\$ 12,619,413
Baseball complex (in progress)	3,073,594
HVAC/LED lighting/security (in progress)	568,166
GMC pickup	49,426
John Deere/Kubota mowers	23,000
Cafeteria equipment	27,037
Parking lot improvements	40,395
Safety and security fencing and improvements	237,726
Athletic and concession equipment	51,037
Other asset additions	21,295
Total asset additions	<u><u>\$ 16,711,089</u></u>

Debt

The District had three long-term debt instruments outstanding at year-end in the form of bonds payable. Following is a summary of outstanding debt balances:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Unlimited tax bonds, series 2017-2021	<u>\$ 22,051,000</u>	<u>\$ 28,482,000</u>

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR’S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District should continue to maintain its financial health. A budget adopted for 2023-24 reflected tax rates at \$0.6692 for maintenance and operations and \$0.1268 for debt service. Taxable valuations have increased from the past year due to oil and gas valuations. General fund revenues and expenditures were budgeted at approximately \$71.2 million for a break-even budget. Therefore, the District expects that its general fund balance will be remain at approximately \$47 million at June 30, 2024.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT’S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors a general overview of the District’s finances and to show the District’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District’s business office at: Karnes City Independent School District, P.O. Box 38, Karnes City, Texas 78118.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,640,115
1120 Current Investments	47,889,690
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	3,083,663
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(1,278,048)
1240 Due from Other Governments	15,440,653
1250 Accrued Interest	310,064
1290 Other Receivables, Net	1,112,256
1410 Prepayments	154,011
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	482,089
1520 Buildings, Net	44,710,579
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	955,375
1560 Library Books and Media, Net	17,304
1580 Construction in Progress	18,928,313
1590 Infrastructure, Net	1,798,724
1910 Long Term Investments	969,961
1000 Total Assets	152,214,749
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701 Deferred Outflow Related to Charge for Refunding	636,628
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	3,381,424
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	2,299,407
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,317,459
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	5,215,088
2140 Interest Payable	92,658
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	3,198
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,019,140
2180 Due to Other Governments	16,076,501
2200 Accrued Expenses	27,943
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	3,618,000
Due in More than One Year:	
2502 Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	19,944,933
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	6,552,331
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	3,426,129
2000 Total Liabilities	55,975,921
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2602 Deferred Inflow Related to Unexpended Grant Proceeds	55,064
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	741,814
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	5,576,454
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,373,332
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted:	43,873,421
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	4,840,683
3860 Restricted for Capital Projects	8,287,047
3900 Unrestricted	39,181,804
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 96,182,955

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT B-1

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position

Data	Program Revenues			6
Control	1	3	4	6
Codes	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11	\$ 43,526,156	\$ -	\$ 3,331,158	\$ (40,194,998)
12	282,517	13,787	1,930	(266,800)
13	502,167	-	290,996	(211,171)
21	775,920	-	653,376	(122,544)
23	1,080,495	58,595	308,264	(713,636)
31	371,000	-	6,170	(364,830)
32	7,215	-	7,282	67
33	264,335	-	20,710	(243,625)
34	1,084,576	-	95,947	(988,629)
35	1,252,462	19,904	1,120,697	(111,861)
36	935,625	52,084	25,583	(857,958)
41	1,023,029	-	5,742	(1,017,287)
51	2,256,682	-	48,985	(2,207,697)
52	301,688	-	30,901	(270,787)
53	592,902	-	26,313	(566,589)
61	108,615	-	102,160	(6,455)
72	797,566	-	-	(797,566)
73	1,100	-	-	(1,100)
91	16,147,926	-	-	(16,147,926)
93	320,588	-	-	(320,588)
95	63,640	-	-	(63,640)
99	638,185	-	-	(638,185)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>\$ 72,334,389</u>	<u>\$ 144,370</u>	<u>\$ 6,076,214</u>	<u>(66,113,805)</u>

Data		
Control	General Revenues:	
Codes	Taxes:	
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	50,695,942
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	7,528,155
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants	14,468,410
IE	Investment Earnings	1,285,456
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue	270,736
E2	Extraordinary Item - (Use)	(859,502)
TR	Total General Revenues & Extraordinary Items	<u>73,389,197</u>
CN	Change in Net Position	7,275,392
NB	Net Position - Beginning	<u>88,907,563</u>
NE	Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 96,182,955</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	60 Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,677,175	\$ 159,050	\$ 4,803,890	\$ 17,640,115
1120 Investments - Current	39,799,459	8,090,231	-	47,889,690
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	2,746,514	-	337,149	3,083,663
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(1,153,912)	-	(124,136)	(1,278,048)
1240 Due from Other Governments	13,476,340	-	1,964,313	15,440,653
1250 Accrued Interest	272,298	37,766	-	310,064
1260 Due from Other Funds	1,814,816	-	-	1,814,816
1290 Other Receivables	1,112,256	-	-	1,112,256
1410 Prepayments	154,011	-	-	154,011
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 70,898,957</u>	<u>\$ 8,287,047</u>	<u>\$ 6,981,216</u>	<u>\$ 86,167,220</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 5,069,717	\$ -	\$ 145,371	\$ 5,215,088
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	3,198	-	-	3,198
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	965,689	-	53,451	1,019,140
2170 Due to Other Funds	-	-	1,814,816	1,814,816
2180 Due to Other Governments	16,070,150	-	6,351	16,076,501
2200 Accrued Expenditures	21,842	-	6,101	27,943
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>22,130,596</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,026,090</u>	<u>24,156,686</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,592,602	-	213,013	1,805,615
2602 Unexpended Grant Proceeds	-	-	55,064	55,064
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,592,602</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>268,077</u>	<u>1,860,679</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3470 Capital Acquisition and Contractual Obligation	-	8,287,047	-	8,287,047
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	4,627,670	4,627,670
Committed Fund Balance:				
3510 Construction	2,600,000	-	-	2,600,000
Assigned Fund Balance:				
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	59,379	59,379
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	44,575,759	-	-	44,575,759
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>47,175,759</u>	<u>8,287,047</u>	<u>4,687,049</u>	<u>60,149,855</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 70,898,957</u>	<u>\$ 8,287,047</u>	<u>\$ 6,981,216</u>	<u>\$ 86,167,220</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	60,149,855
1 Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$66,179,355 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$14,169,837). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		23,527,518
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position. Similarly, the principal payments on right-to-use leased assets and subscription-based information technology arrangement assets (SBITA) are not expenses, rather they are decreases in the right-to-use lease liabilities and the SBITA liabilities. These payments must be reclassified and shown as reductions to these liabilities increasing net position.		23,142,089
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,381,424, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$741,814, and a net pension liability in the amount of 6,552,331. This resulted in a decrease in net position.		(3,912,721)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$2,299,407, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$5,576,454, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$3,426,129. This resulted in a decrease in net position.		(6,703,176)
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(1,828,223)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		1,807,613
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	96,182,955

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT C-3

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	60 Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 52,415,064	\$ 354,513	\$ 7,728,724	\$ 60,498,301
5800 State Program Revenues	15,251,454	-	192,652	15,444,106
5900 Federal Program Revenues	501,989	-	5,169,804	5,671,793
5020 Total Revenues	<u>68,168,507</u>	<u>354,513</u>	<u>13,091,180</u>	<u>81,614,200</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	39,887,686	-	2,736,661	42,624,347
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	282,146	-	10,854	293,000
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	203,844	-	289,813	493,657
0021 Instructional Leadership	114,521	-	652,607	767,128
0023 School Leadership	738,114	-	354,296	1,092,410
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	377,994	-	2,705	380,699
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	7,282	7,282
0033 Health Services	252,134	-	18,373	270,507
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	893,911	-	95,840	989,751
0035 Food Services	-	-	1,235,020	1,235,020
0036 Extracurricular Activities	958,959	-	23,434	982,393
0041 General Administration	1,026,848	-	-	1,026,848
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,494,619	-	36,574	2,531,193
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	357,153	-	30,901	388,054
0053 Data Processing Services	570,035	-	23,172	593,207
0061 Community Services	4,427	-	102,160	106,587
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	6,431,000	6,431,000
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	873,933	873,933
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	-	1,100	1,100
Capital Outlay:				
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	3,698,419	12,562,754	-	16,261,173
Intergovernmental:				
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	16,147,926	-	-	16,147,926
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	320,588	-	-	320,588
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	63,640	-	-	63,640
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	638,185	-	-	638,185
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>69,031,149</u>	<u>12,562,754</u>	<u>12,925,725</u>	<u>94,519,628</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(862,642)</u>	<u>(12,208,241)</u>	<u>165,455</u>	<u>(12,905,428)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	76,337	76,337
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(76,337)	-	-	(76,337)
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(76,337)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>76,337</u>	<u>-</u>
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:				
8913 Extraordinary Item - (Use)	(859,502)	-	-	(859,502)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,798,481)	(12,208,241)	241,792	(13,764,930)
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>48,974,240</u>	<u>20,495,288</u>	<u>4,445,257</u>	<u>73,914,785</u>
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 47,175,759</u>	<u>\$ 8,287,047</u>	<u>\$ 4,687,049</u>	<u>\$ 60,149,855</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (13,764,930)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change net position. Similarly, current year principal payments on right-to-use leased assets and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SIBTA) are also reclassified as reductions to the right-to-use lease liability and the SBITA liability which will result in an increase in the change in net position.	23,142,089
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(1,828,223)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease the change in net position.	(379,479)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$447,559. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$400,992. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$356,327. The net result was a decrease in the change in net position.	(309,760)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$95,413. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$93,874. Finally, the proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense increased the change in net position by \$414,156. The net result was an increase in the change in net position.	415,695
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,275,392

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT E-1

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 41,323	\$ 138,586
Total Assets	41,323	\$ 138,586
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	1,775
Total Liabilities	-	1,775
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Other Purposes	41,323	136,811
Total Net Position	\$ 41,323	\$ 136,811

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS:		
Contributions to Student Groups	\$ -	\$ 4,208
Miscellaneous Revenue - Student Activities	-	148,273
Contributions, Gifts and Donations	19,500	-
Total Additions	<u>19,500</u>	<u>152,481</u>
DEDUCTIONS:		
Supplies and Materials	-	113,006
Other Deductions	16,750	-
Total Deductions	<u>16,750</u>	<u>113,006</u>
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	2,750	39,475
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>38,573</u>	<u>97,336</u>
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ 41,323</u>	<u>\$ 136,811</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Karnes City Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in **GASB Statement No. 76**, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The District applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types, Fiduciary Funds and Custodial Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund.** The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2. **Capital Projects Fund** - The capital projects fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type(s):

Governmental Funds:

3. **Special Revenue Funds.** The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
4. **Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund is used to account for revenues collected to pay interest and related costs and to retire long-term debt.

Fiduciary Funds:

5. **Private Purpose Trust Funds.** The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Fund is the "Karnes City ISD Scholarship Fund."
6. **Custodial Funds.** The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. The District's Custodial Fund is the "Karnes City Student Activity Fund."

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. The District reports inventories of supplies at weighted average cost including consumable maintenance, instructional, office, athletic, and transportation items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and unearned revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and unearned revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount.
3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Right-to-use leases are reported in the government-wide statements with the lease liability calculated as the present value of reasonably certain expected future payments over the term of the lease. The District implemented GASB 96 for reporting subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) during this reporting period. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control over another entity's IT software as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. To be accounted for as a SBITA, it must meet the definition of a "long-term" SBITA provided in GASB 96. The right-to-use SBITA liability is reported in the government-wide statements. The SBITA liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments made over the term of the contract and the interest included in the SBITA payments is recorded as an expense. There were no SBITAs material to the financial statements that were recorded during the year audited.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

4. It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the district. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.
5. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset:</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	39-50
Building Improvements	39
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	7
Technology Equipment	3

Right-to-use leased assets and SBITA assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the term of the respective agreements.

6. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
7. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
8. In general governments are required to report investments at fair value. These methods are disclosed in section III.A. below.
9. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Items reported as deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges for bond refunding	\$ 636,628
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 3,381,424
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 2,299,407

10. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Items reported as deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Deferred charges related to unexpended grants	\$ 55,064
Deferred charges related to TRS retirement	\$ 741,814
Deferred charges related to TRS OPEB	\$ 5,576,454

- The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other reports are in Exhibits J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- Prior to June 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. (However, none of these were significant.)
- Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the year, the District had the following functional categories that exceeded its final amended budget by more than \$2,500 in Exhibit G-1:

Functional Category	Amount Over Budget	Explanation
0011 - Instruction	\$ 976,236	Budget overage was due to ending accounts payable accruals.

C. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

None.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits. State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk. The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by having no deposits denominated in a foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

As of June 30, 2023, the following are the District's cash, cash equivalents and investments (including private purpose scholarship and student activity account balances) with respective maturities and credit rating:

Type of Deposit	Fair Value	Percent	Maturity < 1 Yr	Maturity 1-3 Yrs	Maturity > 3 Yrs	Credit Rating
Cash:						
Money market and FDIC insured accounts	\$ 820,024	5%	\$ 820,024			N/A
Certificates of deposit	17,000,000	95%	17,000,000			N/A
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 17,820,024</u>	100.0%	<u>\$ 17,820,024</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	
Investments:						
US treasury coupons	\$ 5,168,172	11%	\$ 4,980,063	\$ 188,109		AAA
Money market mutual funds	3,161,286	7%	3,161,286			AAA
Investment pools	13,508,790	28%	13,508,790			AAA
Government bonds	26,051,442	54%	2,937,042	6,758,613	16,355,787	AA/AAA
Total Investments	<u>\$ 47,889,690</u>	100.0%	<u>\$24,587,181</u>	<u>\$ 6,946,722</u>	<u>\$ 16,355,787</u>	

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act**(Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for the District are specified below:

Credit Risk. To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2023, all of the District's investments were rated AA or higher by Standard & Poor's and/or Moody's rating agencies. Therefore, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments. To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent. The District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental and business-type activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%. The District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk. To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires a review of its investment portfolio at least annually to determine whether market conditions pose an inherent risk of future interest rates either rising or falling which could significantly affect investment performance. Due to the liquidity of investments, the District was not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments. The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by not investing in any foreign currency. Therefore, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurement in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurement requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Investments by Fair Value Level:	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Balance at 06/30/2023	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Debt Securities:				
Municipal bonds	\$ 26,051,442	\$ 26,051,442		
US treasury coupons	5,168,172	5,168,172		
Total Debt Securities	31,219,614	31,219,614		
No-load mutual funds:				
U.S. governmental mutual fund	3,161,286	3,161,286		
Total no-load mutual funds	3,161,286	3,161,286		
Public fund investment pools	13,508,790	13,508,790		
Intangible Investments:				
Mineral interests	969,961			969,961
Total Intangible Investments	969,961			969,961
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 48,859,651	\$ 47,889,690		\$ 969,961

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund is based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Fund	Receivable	Payable	Purpose	Current?
General fund	\$ 1,814,816		Temporary advances	Yes
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,814,816	Temporary advances	Yes
Total	\$ 1,814,816	\$ 1,814,816		

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 consisted of the following individual amounts:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Purpose
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 76,337		Food service deficit transfer.
General fund		76,337	Food service deficit transfer.
Total	\$ 76,337	\$ 76,337	

E. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Property Taxes (net)	Other Government	Other Receivables	Total Receivables
Governmental Activities:				
General fund	\$ 1,592,602	\$ 13,476,340	\$ 1,112,256	\$ 16,181,198
Nonmajor governmental funds	213,013	1,964,313		2,177,326
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,805,615</u>	<u>\$ 15,440,653</u>	<u>\$ 1,112,256</u>	<u>\$ 18,358,524</u>

Payables at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Accounts	Salaries and Benefits	Other Governments	Total Payables
Governmental Activities:				
General fund	\$ 5,069,717	\$ 990,729	\$ 16,070,150	\$ 22,130,596
Nonmajor governmental funds	145,371	59,552	6,351	211,274
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 5,215,088</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,281</u>	<u>\$ 16,076,501</u>	<u>\$ 22,341,870</u>

F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2022	Additions	Disposals	Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental activities:				
Land and improvements	\$ 482,089			\$ 482,089
Buildings and improvements	55,158,486	13,550		55,172,036
Furniture and equipment	5,096,402	346,550		5,442,952
Library books	41,536			41,536
Infrastructure	2,733,702	89,816		2,823,518
Construction in progress	2,667,140	16,261,173		18,928,313
Totals	<u>66,179,355</u>	<u>16,711,089</u>		<u>82,890,444</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	9,100,287	1,361,170		10,461,457
Furniture and equipment	4,156,575	331,002		4,487,577
Library books	20,078	4,154		24,232
Infrastructure	892,897	131,897		1,024,794
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>14,169,837</u>	<u>1,828,223</u>		<u>15,998,060</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 52,009,518</u>	<u>\$ 14,882,866</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 66,892,384</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$ 1,410,309
Instructional resources and media services	9,445
Curriculum and staff development	16,345
Instructional leadership	25,398
School leadership	36,167
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	12,604
Health services	8,956
Student (pupil) transportation	95,510
Food services	40,889
Extracurricular activities	30,950
General administration	33,998
Facilities maintenance and operations	74,813
Security and monitoring services	9,669
Data processing services	19,640
Community services	3,530
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,828,223</u>

G. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Description	Int Rate	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2022	Additions	Retired	Defeased	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2023
Bonds Payable:							
UL tax refunding bonds, series 2017	1.42% - 2.39%	\$ 7,794,997	\$ 5,907,000		\$ 1,926,000		\$ 3,981,000
UL tax refunding bonds, series 2018	3.00% - 4.00%	9,815,000	2,605,000		130,000		2,475,000
UL school building bonds, series 2021	3.00% - 4.00%	20,885,000	19,970,000		4,375,000		15,595,000
Subtotal - Bonds			28,482,000		6,431,000		22,051,000
Premium, all series	N/A	N/A	1,780,330		268,397		1,511,933
Total Debt			<u>\$ 30,262,330</u>		<u>\$ 6,699,397</u>		<u>\$ 23,562,933</u>

Karnes City ISD Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 -

On March 30, 2017, the District issued \$7,794,997 in unlimited tax refunding bonds to provide the resources to place in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$7,795,000 of unlimited tax school tax refunding bonds originally issued in 2014 and 2015. Interest rates on the debt range from 1.42% - 2.39% and mature on August 15, 2024. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$132,523. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the life of the new issue versus the refunded issue by \$1,106,631. The bonds were issued at a net premium of \$211,239 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The economic gain on the refunding represented savings of \$1,106,631 in cash and \$1,042,502 in present value.

Karnes City ISD Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018 -

On June 28, 2018, the District issued \$9,815,000 in unlimited tax refunding bonds to provide the resources to place in an escrow account for the purpose of generating resources for future debt service payments of \$10,385,000 of unlimited tax school tax refunding bonds originally issued in 2016. Interest rates on the debt are 3.50% and mature on August 15, 2021 thru August 15, 2026. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$157,060. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the life of the new issue versus the refunded issue by \$527,150. The bonds were issued at a net premium of \$769,183 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The economic gain on the refunding represented savings of \$527,150 in cash and \$464,803 in present value.

In August, 2020 and June, 2021, the District defeased \$6,385,000 of the series 2018 bonds due in years 2022 thru 2026. As a result, the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$1,022,564. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The economic gain on the refunding represented a cash savings of \$76,936 and a present value savings of \$64,553.

Karnes City ISD Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2021 -

The bonds were issued on November 16, 2021 for the purpose of construction, acquisition and equipment of school facilities and to pay the costs associated with the issuance of the bonds and were issued in accordance with Texas law. The original issue was for \$20,885,000, maturing in various amounts, with interest ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%, and maturing on June 15, 2031. Bonds due June 15, 2027 through June 15, 2029 are callable at par on June 15, 2025 or any date thereafter. Bonds due June 15, 2030 through June 15, 2031 are callable at par on June 15, 2023 or any date thereafter. The bonds were issued at a net premium of \$1,486,787 which is being amortized over the life of the bonds.

In June, 2023, the District redeemed \$2,915,000 of the series 2021 bonds due in year 2031. The economic gain on the early redemption represented a cash savings of \$699,600 and a net present value savings of \$679,223 over the remaining life of the bonds.

H. DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS - BONDS

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2024	\$ 3,618,000	\$ 680,653	\$ 4,298,653
2025	3,733,000	569,046	4,302,046
2026	3,865,000	435,550	4,300,550
2027	2,590,000	325,050	2,915,050
2028	2,665,000	247,350	2,912,350
2029-30	5,580,000	252,300	5,832,300
Totals	<u>\$ 22,051,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,509,949</u>	<u>\$ 24,560,949</u>

I. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to retirees. The pension became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provided gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees for the fiscal years 2019 through 2024.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 243,553,045,455
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(184,185,617,196)
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 59,367,428,259</u>
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.62%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The 86th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2022 and 2023.

Contribution Rates		
	2022	2023
Member	8.00%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%	8.00%
Employers	7.75%	8.00%

Current fiscal year District contributions	\$ 561,452
Current fiscal year Member contributions	\$ 977,968
Measurement year NECE contributions	\$ 529,716

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member’s salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member’s first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee’s salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.7% of the member’s salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025. The surcharge amount is 1.8% for fiscal year 2023
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021 Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022 and located at <https://www.trs.texas.gov>.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2021	3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index’s “20-Year Municipal GO AA Index”
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

Asset Class ¹	Target Allocation ² %	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ³	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18%	3.6%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.4%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.6%	0.75%
Private Equity	14%	6.3%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	-0.2%	0.22%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	2.2%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.5%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6%	4.7%	0.37%
Commodities	0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	2.8%	0.43%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2%	-0.7%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	-0.5%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.91%
Expected Return	<u>100%</u>		<u>8.19%</u>

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

² Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model.

³ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2022).

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.00%) in measuring the 2022 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 10,192,943	\$ 6,552,331	\$ 3,601,444

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$6,552,331 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 6,552,331
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	6,739,371
Total	<u>\$ 13,291,702</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0110369122% which was an increase of 0.0016184642% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. Changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period are as follows:

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense \$1,401,527 and revenue of \$644,208 for support provided by the State in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experiences	\$ 95,008	\$ 142,853
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,220,913	304,285
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	647,350	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	970,594	294,676
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$ 2,933,865	\$ 741,814
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	447,559	
Total as of June 30, 2023 fiscal year end	<u>\$ 3,381,424</u>	<u>\$ 741,814</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Amount
2024	\$ 526,878
2025	\$ 351,921
2026	\$ 186,495
2027	\$ 917,780
2028	\$ 208,975
Thereafter	\$ 2

J. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/acfr.pdf#ACFR>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2022 are as follows:

<u>Net OPEB Liability:</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 27,061,942,520
Less: plan fiduciary net position	(3,117,937,218)
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 23,944,005,302</u>
Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	11.52%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The following premium rates for retirees with Medicare Part A and Part B are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates		
	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and spouse	529	689
Retiree or surviving spouse and children	468	408
Retiree and family	1,020	999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for the plan is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state’s contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee’s salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee’s rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2022	2023
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%

Current fiscal year District contributions	\$ 119,092
Current fiscal year member contributions	\$ 79,460
Measurement year NECE contributions	\$ 143,362

All employers whose employees are covered by the TRS pension plan are also required to pay a surcharge of \$535 per month when employee a retiree of the TRS.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the non-employer contributing entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray COVID-19-related health care costs.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2022 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality	Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement	General Inflation
Rates of Termination	Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a “pay-as-you-go” plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source of the municipal bond rate was 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.91%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.91%)
District’s proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,039,677	\$ 3,426,129	\$ 2,929,075

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 2,823,145	\$ 3,426,129	\$ 4,207,819

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$3,426,129 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 3,426,129
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	4,179,339
Total	<u>\$ 7,605,468</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0143089198% which was an increase of 0.0019515658% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation. The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

1. The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the total OPEB liability (TOL).

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$913,364) and revenue of (\$593,082) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 190,481	\$ 2,854,273
Changes in actuarial assumptions	521,867	2,380,270
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	10,206	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,481,440	341,911
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	<u>\$ 2,203,994</u>	<u>\$ 5,576,454</u>
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	95,413	
Total as of June 30, 2023 fiscal year end	<u>\$ 2,299,407</u>	<u>\$ 5,576,454</u>

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Amount
2024	\$ (686,937)
2025	\$ (686,903)
2026	\$ (541,611)
2027	\$ (344,912)
2028	\$ (428,698)
Thereafter	\$ (683,399)

K. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Retiree Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retire under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Texas Insurance Code Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by writing to the TRS Communications Department, 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, by phoning the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by downloading the report from the TRS Internet Website, www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. The Contribution Rate for the State was 1.25% for 2021 thru 2023. The contribution rate for the district was 0.75% for 2021 thru 2023. The contribution rate for active employees was 0.65% of the district payroll for 2021 thru 2023. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. For staff members funded by federal programs, the federal programs are required to contribution 1.25% for 2021 thru 2023.

Contributions. Contributions made by the State on behalf of the District are recorded in the governmental funds financial statements as both revenue and expenditures. State contributions to TRS made on behalf to the District's employees as well as the District's required contributions and federal grant program contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts						
Year	Member		State		School District	
	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount
2023	0.65%	\$ 79,460	1.25%	\$ 152,807	0.75%	\$ 91,685
2022	0.65%	\$ 70,800	1.25%	\$ 136,151	0.75%	\$ 81,692
2021	0.65%	\$ 65,790	1.25%	\$ 126,521	0.75%	\$ 75,913

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments recognized as equal revenues and expenditures by the District for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$64,961, \$32,752 and \$47,203, respectively.

Active Employee Health Care Coverage

Plan Description. The District participates in TRS Active Care sponsored by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas and administered through Aetna and Caremark (pharmacy). TRS-Active Care provides health care coverage to employees (and their dependents) of participating public education entities. Optional life and long-term care insurance are also provided to active members and retirees. Authority for the plan can be found in the Texas Insurance Code, Title 8, Subtitle H, Chapter 1579 and in the Texas Administrative Code, Title 34, Part 3, Chapter 41. The plan began operations on September 1, 2002. This is a premium-based plan. Payments are made on a monthly basis for all covered employees.

L. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Defeasance	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 28,482,000		\$ 6,431,000	\$ 22,051,000	\$ 3,618,000
Bond Premium	1,780,330		268,397	1,511,933	N/A
Net Pension Liability	2,398,545	4,668,801	515,015	6,552,331	N/A
Net OPEB Liability	4,766,784		1,340,655	3,426,129	N/A
Total	<u>\$ 37,427,659</u>	<u>\$ 4,668,801</u>	<u>\$ 8,555,067</u>	<u>\$ 33,541,393</u>	<u>\$ 3,618,000</u>

M. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable and unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

Fund	Unavailable Revenue (levied but uncollected property taxes)	Unexpended Grant Receipts
General fund	\$ 1,592,602	
Nonmajor governmental funds	213,013	55,064
Total	<u>\$ 1,805,615</u>	<u>\$ 55,064</u>

N. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2023, are summarized below. They are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

Fund	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Total
General fund	\$ 13,476,340		\$ 13,476,340
Nonmajor governmental funds	108,070	1,856,243	1,964,313
Total	<u>\$ 13,584,410</u>	<u>\$ 1,856,243</u>	<u>\$ 15,440,653</u>

O. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

Description	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Property taxes	\$ 50,442,627		\$ 7,480,371	\$ 57,922,998
Penalties, interest and other tax-related income	381,274		50,918	432,192
Food sales			19,904	19,904
Investment income	1,255,697	354,513		1,610,210
Extracurricular student activities	48,637		75,435	124,072
Oil and gas royalty revenue	243,829			243,829
Local grants and contributions	15,700		102,096	117,796
Other income	27,300			27,300
Total	<u>\$ 52,415,064</u>	<u>\$ 354,513</u>	<u>\$ 7,728,724</u>	<u>\$ 60,498,301</u>

P. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

The District’s taxpayers approved a \$21 million bond package with proceeds received to be used for construction of new school facilities including a new elementary school.

Construction began during the 2021-22 fiscal year in the elementary school building with total costs incurred totaling \$13,653,962. Remaining funds from the bond issue total \$8,287,047 and will be used to finance the continuing construction costs during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

Q. JOINT VENTURE SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for Special Education services with the Goliad Special Education Co-op. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Goliad ISD, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

The District also participates in various shared service arrangements with the Education Service Center Region 20. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The Education Service Center Region 20 is the fiscal agent manager and is responsible for all financial activities of the shared service arrangement.

R. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During the fiscal year 2023, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. Additional insurance information by coverage type follows.

Property Casualty and Workers Compensation Program

The District participated in the Regional Pool Alliance with coverage for property insurance and Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund with coverage in auto liability, auto physical damage, general liability, and legal liability. The Funds were created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Funds execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were not settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Funds purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its auto, liability and property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates the District has not additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

Unemployment Compensation

During the ten months ended June 30, 2023, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the “Fund”). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund’s unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund’s board of trustees in February of the following year. The Fund’s audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

S. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Revenues from federal sources, which are reported in the General Fund, consist of:

Program or Service	Assistance Listing #	Amount
School health and related services	N/A	\$ 474,121
Mental health service professional demonstration grant indirect costs	84.184X	7,142
21 st Century grant indirect costs	84.287C	20,726
Total		<u>\$ 501,989</u>

T. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 25, 2024; the date which the financial statements were available for distribution. On November 7, 2023 voters of the District approved a \$15 million bond package for a career and technology center to support agricultural, vocational and trade education programs. As of the date of audit, bonds have not yet been issued.

U. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

On June 15, 2023, the District was embezzled funds from a fraudulent phishing scheme whereby the fraudsters emulated an actual construction contractor of the District using a nearly-identical invoice with amounts which were actually owed to the real contractor except that the payment was wired to an overseas bank account rather than to the actual vendor. Once the embezzlement was discovered, attempts were made by the District to recover the amounts wired to the fraudulent account. The net unrecovered amount totaled \$859,502 and has been disclosed as an extraordinary item on Exhibits B-1 and C-3.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)	
	Original	Final			
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 37,754,644	\$ 61,820,794	\$ 52,415,064	\$ (9,405,730)
5800	State Program Revenues	1,026,650	11,750,650	15,251,454	3,500,804
5900	Federal Program Revenues	500,000	500,000	501,989	1,989
5020	Total Revenues	39,281,294	74,071,444	68,168,507	(5,902,937)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011	Instruction	6,206,580	38,911,450	39,887,686	(976,236)
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	332,003	332,003	282,146	49,857
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	260,499	260,499	203,844	56,655
0021	Instructional Leadership	227,375	227,375	114,521	112,854
0023	School Leadership	859,249	858,949	738,114	120,835
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	435,013	435,313	377,994	57,319
0032	Social Work Services	16,000	16,000	-	16,000
0033	Health Services	284,619	284,619	252,134	32,485
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	896,000	951,000	893,911	57,089
0036	Extracurricular Activities	859,190	1,049,180	958,959	90,221
0041	General Administration	1,095,349	1,095,349	1,026,848	68,501
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,271,190	2,771,190	2,494,619	276,571
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	356,000	378,800	357,153	21,647
0053	Data Processing Services	512,294	612,294	570,035	42,259
0061	Community Services	5,000	5,000	4,427	573
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	3,040,000	8,890,882	3,698,419	5,192,463
Intergovernmental:					
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	23,508,582	22,319,275	16,147,926	6,171,349
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	391,351	391,351	320,588	70,763
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	85,000	85,000	63,640	21,360
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	690,000	690,000	638,185	51,815
6030	Total Expenditures	42,331,294	80,565,529	69,031,149	11,534,380
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,050,000)	(6,494,085)	(862,642)	5,631,443
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	-	-	(76,337)	(76,337)
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS:					
8913	Extraordinary Item - (Use)	-	-	(859,502)	(859,502)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,050,000)	(6,494,085)	(1,798,481)	4,695,604
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	48,974,240	48,974,240	48,974,240	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 45,924,240	\$ 42,480,155	\$ 47,175,759	\$ 4,695,604

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,								
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.0110369122%	0.0094184480%	0.0084428913%	0.0095610136%	0.0090080080%	0.0092477720%	0.0097150584%	0.0099536000%	0.0067129000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,552,331	\$ 2,398,545	\$ 4,521,840	\$ 4,970,114	\$ 4,958,226	\$ 2,956,939	\$ 3,671,176	\$ 3,518,465	\$ 1,793,109
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	6,739,371	3,196,498	6,881,259	6,363,308	6,606,306	3,771,692	4,469,742	4,277,820	3,567,275
Total	<u>\$ 13,291,702</u>	<u>\$ 5,595,043</u>	<u>\$ 11,403,099</u>	<u>\$ 11,333,422</u>	<u>\$ 11,564,532</u>	<u>\$ 6,728,631</u>	<u>\$ 8,140,918</u>	<u>\$ 7,796,285</u>	<u>\$ 5,360,384</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,252,146	\$ 10,359,166	\$ 9,929,206	\$ 9,542,531	\$ 8,839,160	\$ 8,521,135	\$ 8,374,252	\$ 8,039,042	\$ 7,420,773
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	58.23%	23.15%	45.54%	52.08%	56.09%	34.70%	43.84%	43.77%	24.16%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			Ten Months	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,				
	2023	2022	2021	Ended June 30,	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
				2020					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 561,452	\$ 474,974	\$ 378,062	\$ 294,447	\$ 334,647	\$ 241,893	\$ 303,088	\$ 308,816	\$ 294,732
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(561,452)	(474,974)	(378,062)	(294,447)	(334,647)	(241,893)	(303,088)	(308,816)	(294,732)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,224,599	\$ 10,892,107	\$ 10,121,700	\$ 8,263,890	\$ 9,542,531	\$ 8,839,160	\$ 8,521,135	\$ 8,374,252	\$ 8,039,042
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	4.59%	4.36%	3.74%	3.56%	3.51%	2.74%	3.56%	3.69%	3.67%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0143089198%	0.0123573540%	0.0119340344%	0.0127458143%	0.0123171892%	0.0119705455%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,426,129	\$ 4,766,784	\$ 4,536,665	\$ 6,027,650	\$ 6,150,085	\$ 5,205,541
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	<u>4,179,339</u>	<u>6,386,428</u>	<u>6,096,191</u>	<u>8,009,401</u>	<u>6,666,167</u>	<u>5,810,091</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,605,468</u>	<u>\$ 11,153,212</u>	<u>\$ 10,632,856</u>	<u>\$ 14,037,051</u>	<u>\$ 12,816,252</u>	<u>\$ 11,015,632</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,252,146	\$ 10,359,166	\$ 9,929,206	\$ 9,542,531	\$ 8,839,160	\$ 8,521,135
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll	30.45%	46.02%	45.69%	63.17%	69.58%	61.09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,			Ten Months Ended June 30,	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,	
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 119,092	\$ 111,333	\$ 92,235	\$ 76,087	\$ 90,460	\$ 146,417
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	(119,092)	(111,333)	(92,235)	(76,087)	(90,460)	(146,417)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 12,224,599	\$ 10,892,107	\$ 10,121,700	\$ 8,263,890	\$ 9,542,531	\$ 8,839,160
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	0.97%	1.02%	0.91%	0.92%	0.95%	1.66%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level.

Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

There were no changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

See Footnote J page 35 for changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 55,576	\$ -
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	-	-	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	64,858	14,993	2,775
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 64,858</u>	<u>\$ 70,569</u>	<u>\$ 2,775</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 11,017	\$ -
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	-	53,451	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	64,858	-	2,775
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2200 Accrued Expenditures	-	6,101	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>64,858</u>	<u>70,569</u>	<u>2,775</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-
2602 Unexpended Grant Proceeds	-	-	-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:			
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 64,858</u>	<u>\$ 70,569</u>	<u>\$ 2,775</u>

270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income	279 ESSER III TCLAS ARP Act	281 ESSER II CRRSA Act Supplemental	282 ESSER III ARP Act	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	352 SSA - 21st Century Learning	379 Other Federal SSA Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8,016	75,446	62,175	379,049	144,586	1,037,609	66,736	-
<u>\$ 8,016</u>	<u>\$ 75,446</u>	<u>\$ 62,175</u>	<u>\$ 379,049</u>	<u>\$ 144,668</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,609</u>	<u>\$ 66,736</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,192	\$ 12,920	\$ 94,242	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8,016	75,446	62,175	351,857	131,516	943,367	66,736	-
-	-	-	-	232	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8,016	75,446	62,175	379,049	144,668	1,037,609	66,736	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 8,016</u>	<u>\$ 75,446</u>	<u>\$ 62,175</u>	<u>\$ 379,049</u>	<u>\$ 144,668</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,609</u>	<u>\$ 66,736</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
 NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	499 Other Local Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS				
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 59,379	\$ 55,064	\$ 170,101
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	-	-	-	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	-	-	-	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	108,070	-	-	1,964,313
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 108,070</u>	<u>\$ 59,379</u>	<u>\$ 55,064</u>	<u>\$ 2,134,414</u>
LIABILITIES				
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 145,371
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	-	-	-	53,451
2170 Due to Other Funds	108,070	-	-	1,814,816
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-	232
2200 Accrued Expenditures	-	-	-	6,101
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>108,070</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,019,971</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
2602 Unexpended Grant Proceeds	-	-	55,064	55,064
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,064</u>	<u>55,064</u>
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance:				
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-
Assigned Fund Balance:				
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance	-	59,379	-	59,379
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>59,379</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>59,379</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 108,070</u>	<u>\$ 59,379</u>	<u>\$ 55,064</u>	<u>\$ 2,134,414</u>

599 Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 4,633,789	\$ 4,803,890
337,149	337,149
(124,136)	(124,136)
-	1,964,313
\$ 4,846,802	\$ 6,981,216
\$ -	\$ 145,371
-	53,451
-	1,814,816
6,119	6,351
-	6,101
6,119	2,026,090
213,013	213,013
-	55,064
213,013	268,077
4,627,670	4,627,670
-	59,379
4,627,670	4,687,049
\$ 4,846,802	\$ 6,981,216

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 19,904	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	-	23,975	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	261,168	1,114,804	43,071
5020 Total Revenues	<u>261,168</u>	<u>1,158,683</u>	<u>43,071</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	168,408	-	22,887
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	2,900	-	20,184
0021 Instructional Leadership	61,873	-	-
0023 School Leadership	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	-
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-
0033 Health Services	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	1,235,020	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-
0061 Community Services	27,987	-	-
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>261,168</u>	<u>1,235,020</u>	<u>43,071</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(76,337)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7915 Transfers In	-	76,337	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

270 ESEA V, B,2 Rural & Low Income	279 ESSER III TCLAS ARP Act	281 ESSER II CRRSA Act Supplemental	282 ESSER III ARP Act	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	352 SSA - 21st Century Comm. Learning	379 Other Federal SSA Special Revenue Funds	410 State Instructional Materials
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	526
47,500	155,219	829,357	482,099	722,466	1,468,895	45,225	-
47,500	155,219	829,357	482,099	722,466	1,468,895	45,225	526
47,500	155,219	827,907	390,399	195,903	786,313	-	526
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	1,450	91,700	10,588	62,490	-	-
-	-	-	-	463,706	111,214	15,814	-
-	-	-	-	-	301,538	-	-
-	-	-	-	2,705	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	7,282	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	18,373	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	95,840	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	36,574	-	-
-	-	-	-	1,490	-	29,411	-
-	-	-	-	15,652	7,520	-	-
-	-	-	-	6,767	67,406	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
47,500	155,219	829,357	482,099	722,466	1,468,895	45,225	526
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	499 Other Local Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 81,434	\$ 96,096	\$ 197,434
5800 State Program Revenues	159,781	-	-	184,282
5900 Federal Program Revenues	-	-	-	5,169,804
5020 Total Revenues	<u>159,781</u>	<u>81,434</u>	<u>96,096</u>	<u>5,551,520</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	59,280	1,179	81,140	2,736,661
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	-	10,854	-	10,854
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	100,501	-	-	289,813
0021 Instructional Leadership	-	-	-	652,607
0023 School Leadership	-	52,758	-	354,296
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	-	-	-	2,705
0032 Social Work Services	-	-	-	7,282
0033 Health Services	-	-	-	18,373
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-	-	-	95,840
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	1,235,020
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	8,478	14,956	23,434
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	-	-	-	36,574
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-	-	-	30,901
0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	23,172
0061 Community Services	-	-	-	102,160
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	-	-	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	-	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>159,781</u>	<u>73,269</u>	<u>96,096</u>	<u>5,619,692</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	8,165	-	(68,172)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	-	76,337
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	8,165	-	8,165
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	51,214	-	51,214
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 59,379</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 59,379</u>

599		Total	
Debt		Nonmajor	
Service		Governmental	
Fund		Funds	
\$	7,531,290	\$	7,728,724
	8,370		192,652
	-		5,169,804
	<u>7,539,660</u>		<u>13,091,180</u>
	-		2,736,661
	-		10,854
	-		289,813
	-		652,607
	-		354,296
	-		2,705
	-		7,282
	-		18,373
	-		95,840
	-		1,235,020
	-		23,434
	-		36,574
	-		30,901
	-		23,172
	-		102,160
	6,431,000		6,431,000
	873,933		873,933
	1,100		1,100
	<u>7,306,033</u>		<u>12,925,725</u>
	233,627		165,455
	-		76,337
	<u>233,627</u>		<u>241,792</u>
	4,394,043		4,445,257
\$	<u>4,627,670</u>	\$	<u>4,687,049</u>

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REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Last 10 Years	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2014 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
2015	1.040000	0.125790	6,372,456,050
2016	1.040000	0.125800	5,759,375,544
2017	1.040000	0.126900	3,275,576,260
2018	1.040000	0.126750	3,572,526,336
2019	1.040000	0.126800	4,500,877,610
2020	0.970000	0.126800	6,076,697,351
2021	0.966400	0.126800	5,291,592,068
2022	0.963400	0.126800	3,531,183,276
2023 (School year under audit)	0.854600	0.126800	5,865,754,594
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2022	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2023
\$ 184,087	\$ -	\$ 2,393	\$ 36	\$ (641)	\$ 181,017
217,818	-	2,154	261	-	215,403
562,922	-	4,074	492	(21,706)	536,650
613,409	-	37,412	4,565	(95,557)	475,875
103,659	-	5,545	676	(2,246)	95,192
98,020	-	11,763	1,434	(2,379)	82,444
322,332	-	36,873	4,820	11	280,650
488,751	-	151,797	19,917	(1,171)	315,866
504,238	-	274,000	36,413	(20,632)	173,193
-	57,566,516	49,916,615	7,411,757	489,229	727,373
<u>\$ 3,095,236</u>	<u>\$ 57,566,516</u>	<u>\$ 50,442,626</u>	<u>\$ 7,480,371</u>	<u>\$ 344,908</u>	<u>\$ 3,083,663</u>

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 40,000	\$ 143,198	\$ 19,904	\$ (123,294)
5800 State Program Revenues	45,000	45,000	23,975	(21,025)
5900 Federal Program Revenues	944,198	1,295,000	1,114,804	(180,196)
5020 Total Revenues	1,029,198	1,483,198	1,158,683	(324,515)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	1,029,198	1,483,198	1,235,020	248,178
6030 Total Expenditures	1,029,198	1,483,198	1,235,020	248,178
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	(76,337)	(76,337)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7915 Transfers In	-	-	76,337	76,337
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 4,450,000	\$ 7,450,000	\$ 7,531,290	\$ 81,290
5800 State Program Revenues	4,500	19,500	8,370	(11,130)
5020 Total Revenues	4,454,500	7,469,500	7,539,660	70,160
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	3,560,567	6,575,567	6,431,000	144,567
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	873,933	873,933	873,933	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	20,000	20,000	1,100	18,900
6030 Total Expenditures	4,454,500	7,469,500	7,306,033	163,467
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	233,627	233,627
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	4,394,043	4,394,043	4,394,043	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 4,394,043	\$ 4,394,043	\$ 4,627,670	\$ 233,627

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	4512162
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	699237

Section B: Bilingual Education Programs

AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	118253
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	3896

OVERALL COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees
Karnes City Independent School District
P.O. Box 38
Karnes City, Texas 78118

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Karnes City Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

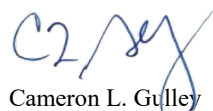
My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* listed as items 2023-1 and 2023-2 on the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant
Eastland, Texas

March 25, 2024

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KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Finding	Statement of Condition	Material Weakness?	Questioned Costs
	None reported.		

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KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

A. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified.
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No.
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported.
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No.

B. Federal Awards

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified.
Internal control over compliance of major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No.
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None reported.
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?	No.

Major programs are as follows:

10.553	School Breakfast Program	\$	450,589
10.555	National School Lunch Program - cash assistance		535,923
10.555	National School Lunch Program - noncash assistance		87,957
10.555	National School Lunch Program - supply chain assistance		34,955
	Subtotal - Child Nutrition Cluster		1,109,424
84.215J	Full Service Community Schools Program		528,699
	Total Major Programs Tested		\$ 1,637,824

Threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000.
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes.

II. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

2023-1 State Compliance - Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Criteria In accordance with Texas Education Code §44.006, expenditures from governmental fund types cannot be made without authority of appropriation.

Statement of Condition The District failed to identify one functional category within its General Fund when expenditures exceeded the adopted budget. Following are the net variances for the affected functional category which exceeded the budget by more than \$2,500:

Functional Category	Final Amended Budget	Actual Expenditure	Budget Variance
Function 0011 - Instruction	\$ 38,911,450	\$ 39,887,686	\$ (976,236)

Questioned Costs None.

Cause and Effect The District failed to account for final accrued accounts payable items in its final amended budget. Total accounts payable accruals for instruction were \$4.7 million which caused the functional category to exceed the final amended budget by \$976 thousand.

Recommendations The District should review its business services procedures and analyses of account transactions and balances. Budget amendments should be considered and proposed to the board of trustees whenever it is projected that actual expenditures will be more than currently budgeted before the actual expenditure of funds.

2023-2 State Compliance - Annual Audit Not Completed Timely

Criteria In accordance with Texas Education Code §44.008, the annual financial audit must be filed by the District with the Texas Education Agency (the “TEA”) not later than the 150th day after the end of the fiscal year for which the audit was made.

Statement of Condition The District failed to close its books or have its financial records available for audit within a time frame necessary to complete the audit by the 150-day deadline after the close of its fiscal year.

Questioned Costs None.

Cause and Effect The District’s former chief financial officer retired from the District after the close of its fiscal year and before the financial records were closed and ready for audit. The new chief financial officer did not begin working for the District until approximately a month before the 150-day deadline and was left to perform the financial close procedures in too short a time-frame to be ready for audit start and completion by the 150-day deadline. The result was that the audit was not completed and submitted to TEA in accordance with the reporting compliance deadline.

Recommendations The District should ensure that its financial records are up-to-date and complete in as short a time after year-end as possible so that the records are available for audit in a timely manner.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

None.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

KATHERINE KUENSTLER, SUPERINTENDENT

P. O. Box 38

KARNES CITY, TEXAS 78118

Voice: (830) 780-2321 • Fax: (830) 780-1071

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

2023-1 We will review our business services procedures and analyses of account transactions and balances. Budget amendments will be considered and proposed to the board of trustees whenever it is projected that actual expenditures will be more than currently budgeted and before the actual expenditure of funds.

Contact representative: Sean Smith, chief financial officer
P.O. Box 38
Karnes City, Texas 78118
(830) 780-2321

Expected implementation date: Already implemented

2023-2 Our financial records are now up-to-date and current. End of year financial statement closing procedures should accommodate audit start and completion easily within the state-mandated submission deadline for the coming year.

Contact representative: Sean Smith, chief financial officer
P.O. Box 38
Karnes City, Texas 78118
(830) 780-2321

Expected implementation date: Already implemented

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR
PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Board of Trustees
Karnes City Independent School District
P. O. Box 38
Karnes City, Texas 78118

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Karnes City Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of the District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

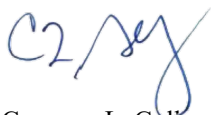
Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Cameron L. Gulley
Certified Public Accountant
Eastland, Texas

March 25, 2024

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

EXHIBIT K-1

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal Assistance Listing #	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Programs:			
Full Service Community Schools Program	84.215J	N/A	\$ 528,699
Mental Health Service Professional Demonstration Grant Program	84.184X	N/A	49,229
Total Direct Programs			<u>577,928</u>
Passed Through Texas Education Agency:			
Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101128901	50,329
Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101128901	210,839
Subtotal - FAL #84.010A			<u>261,168</u>
Title II, Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	22694501128901	24,451
Title II, Part A, Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	23694501128901	18,620
Subtotal - FAL #84.367A			<u>43,071</u>
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	20521001128901	
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - CRRSA Act	84.425D	21521001128901	829,357
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - TCLAS	84.425U	21528042128901	155,219
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - ARP Act	84.425U	21528001128901	275,087
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - TCLAS	84.425U	215280587110074	207,012
Subtotal - FAL #84.425			<u>1,466,675</u>
Title V, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low-Income Schools	84.358B	22696001128901	39,484
Title V, Part B, Subpart 2 - Rural and Low-Income Schools	84.358B	23696001128901	8,016
Subtotal - FAL #84.358B			<u>47,500</u>
SSA - 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	226950267110027	173,939
SSA - 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287C	236950267110027	1,315,682
Subtotal - FAL #84.287C			<u>1,489,621</u>
Texas Reading Initiative - Literacy Coaching and Professional Development Grades K-5	84.371C	216470027110016	33,671
Texas Reading Initiative - Literacy Coaching and Professional Development Grades K-5	84.371C	226470027110006	83,589
Subtotal - FAL #84.371C			<u>117,260</u>
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	22680101128901	9,280
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101128901	6,767
Subtotal - FAL #84.424A			<u>16,047</u>
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			<u>3,441,342</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>4,019,270</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
School Breakfast Program *	10.553	N/A	450,589
National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *	10.555	N/A	535,923
National School Lunch Program - Non-Cash Assistance *	10.555	N/A	87,657
National School Lunch Program - supply chain assistance grant *	10.555	226TX400N8903	34,955
Subtotal - FAL #10.555			<u>658,535</u>
State Administrative Expenses Reimbursement (commodity fees)	10.560	226TX312N2533	2,545
COVID-19 - P-EBT Administrative Cost Reimbursement	10.649	226TX109S9009	3,135
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture			<u>1,114,804</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,114,804</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Direct Programs:			
STOP School Violence	16.839	N/A	13,236
STOP School Violence	16.839	N/A	31,989
Total Direct Programs			<u>45,225</u>
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>45,225</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through Education Service Center Region 20:			
COVID-19 - School Health Support Grant	93.354	223934017110020	18,373
Total Passed Through Education Service Center Region 20			<u>18,373</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>18,373</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ <u>5,197,672</u>

* - Indicates clustered program under OMB Uniform Guidance (2.CFR.200)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

KARNES CITY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency’s *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a special revenue fund.
2. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards included the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual (both measurable and available) and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred (if measurable) except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt (which is recognized when due) and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments (which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources).

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

3. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 120 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with Section H, Period of Performance, 2 CFR Section 200.344(b).
4. Non-monetary assistance received from the Commodity Supplemental Food Program is recorded in fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. The revenue and expenditures are reported in the Child Nutrition Special Revenue Fund using the CFDA numbers of the programs under which the USDA donated the commodities.
5. The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
6. A reconciliation of federal program revenues and expenditures is as follows:

Total federal revenues per Exhibit C-3	\$ 5,671,793
Less: non-federal SHARS reimbursements	(474,121)
Total federal expenditures per Exhibit K-1	<u>\$ 5,197,672</u>